THE DEMOCRAT.

DEVOTED ENTIRELY AND EXCLUSIVELY TO THE INTEREST OF THE PEOPLE.

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PROFESSIONAL.

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THE FIRST DIVISION

Of the Michigan Soldier Colony Association

REACH PORT ANGELES.

They are Favorably Impressed With Their New Homes—An Organization of the Colony Effected—Industriously at Work Clearing and Burning on Their Reserved Lots.

Last Sunday marked quite an important epoch in the history of Port Angeles. It marks the event of the landing of the precursors or advance guards of the Michigan Soldier Colony Association.

A telegram received here last week announced that the colonists would arrive Sunday afternoon on the Garland. Arrangements for the proper reception of the new comers were at once begun by the local Grand Army Post and citizens with the purpose in view of extending the strangers a most cordial and hearty welcome to their new home. Agreeable to the object, the band with at least 2000 citizens gathered at the wharf as the Garland rounded the point. As the steamer neared the wharf the band played a popular air, citizens cheered, receiving a most hearty response from the colonists.

When the steamer had made a landing Mayor Norman R. Smith, in a few well chosen remarks extended a welcome to the new comers and wished them well in their new home. The colonists were most warmly greeted as they landed, and were taken charge of by the committee of reception, who had thoughtfully provided accommodations for the entire company until they shall have built cottages for themselves on the reserve.

The first division of the Michigan Colony Association left Chicago Tuesday, September 13th, coming to the coast via the Northern Pacific railway. They are all from the state of Michigan.

On the journey out they perfected an organization, which they designated the First Division of the Michigan Colony Association.

Officers were elected as follows: President Byron Bowman; vice-president, Delos Earle; secretary, Mrs. A. D. Maxfield; treasurer, D. C. Ashman. Board of auditor: Mary J. Mathews, C. B. Randall and A. D. Maxfield.

A resolution was unanimously adopted expressing appreciation of the excellent service, the courtesies and favors shown by the Northern Pacific Railway and its officials.

The colonists express themselves most favorably impressed with their new home. They find existing conditions as have been represented to them and are not consequently disappointed with the outlook and prospects before them.

They realize that Port Angeles is most advantageously situated and will occupy an important and a commanding commercial position with future development.

Monday was occupied in selecting and locating lots, and bright and early Tuesday morning the colonists were industriously at work clearing and preparing for the speedy construction of cottages on their reserve lots. Thus the development of a large and what will prove a most prosperous city on Port Angeles harbor.

The following list comprises the members of the first division of the colony:

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Ashman, Byron Bowman, D. H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Near and child, Mr. and Mrs. Lafayett Mathews and two boys, B. F. Gooch, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mathews and child, J. A. Kallogg and son, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jefferies, Nelson Devendorf, Hugo, Mr, and Mrs. C. E. Pryor and four children. A. W. Whitten and son, L. D. Earle, Wm. Roate, C. B. Randall, D. H. Randall, B. E. Mathews, Miss Gertrude Ralph, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Maxfield.

The following resolutions were adopted by the members of the first division in session Monday last:

To comrades of the Grand Army of the state of Michigan, and of the various states of the United States;

We, the undersigned, comprising the advanced guards of the Michigan Soldier Colony Associatton, of the state of Michigan, desire to make the following report to our old comrades and to all who are interested in the soldiers' movement to Port Angeles Wash.

On our arrival in the city from our pleasantly and comfortably made journey across the continent, we were met at the dock by our comrades of Pacific Post No. 148 G. A. R. of Port Angeles, headed by the Gate City band and a great concourse of people numbering not less than 2,000. Amidst the waving of flags, the stirring strains of martial music and welcoming cheers, we were greeted by Mayor Norman R. Smith, who, in behalf of the people of Port Angeles, and our comrades of grand army, welcomed us to the beautiful and young city. A reception followed the warmth and whole heartedness of which we can never forget. Never were strangers welcomed with greater cordiality or more open hearted hospitality, and we were made to feel from the moment we landed at Port Angeles, that we were among friends who have an honest, hearty interest in our welfare.

Forming in line and headed by a brass band, with our comrades we marched up to one of the hotels where an abundant dinner had been prepared for us and our families, and awaited our arrival.

After dinner we were assigned to the care of our hospitable friends whose homes have been open to us until we can establish ourselves in our new home here.

We have carefully and thoughtfully inspected Port Angeles and the townsite reserve, upon which forty blocks have been reserved for us, and make our homes, and we have to say that we are not only fully satisfied, but delighted with all that we have seen.

We have found Port Angeles a handsome thrifty and enterprising young city of some 4,000 people. The city is lighted by electricity, and has a splendid system of water works, good schools, churches, a flourishing G. A. R. post and fraternal organizations, embracing many secret orders, and it has above all a magnificent harbor, that has been a source of pleasure and gratification to us ever since our arrival, for it is the best guarantee that we could possibly desire that a great sea port city must be built here. We have not only found Port Angeles and the townsite reservation all that they were represented to be, but more. We are both astonished and delighted at what we have found here, for everything is so much better than we had expected to find it, and better than had been represented to us, and we wish to say that Mr. D. C. Ashman, the manager of our colony, did not only not misrepresent anything to us or indulge in exaggeration of any character, but he did not make his presentation of facts relative to Port Angeles and the townsite reserve proposition as strong as he truthfully might have made it. We have inspected the forty blocks reserved for us upon the townsite reserve, by our comrades of the S. A. P. and the citizens of Port Angeles and are well pleased with the selection that has been made for us, and gratified at the large amount of work that has been done for us, and the interest that has been manifested in our behalf by the good people of Port Angeles.

We have all selected upon the reserve. Every person being entitled to stake up two lots 50x140 feet in size—and will at once proceed to erect houses upon them. There are now some 2,000 people living upon the reserve and new settlers are coming every day.

We are so well pleased with the situation and prospects of Port Angeles and with the people, that we would advise those of our comrades who desire to establish a home in a moderate, kind and healthful climate, to come here and secure lots upon the reserve, upon which, to make their homes, and to come without delay, for the opportunity to secure lots upon the reserve at the valuation that will be placed upon them by the government, which valuation will, in every case, be merely nominal, is limited. We would not, however, urge people to come here expecting to find employment upon their arrival, but would limit our invitation to those who have an income from pensions or otherwise sufficient to maintain them without labor if need be.

We have found, too, that we can all obtain well located claims of 160 acres each, in the splendid country tributary to Port Angeles. This land is now covered with magnificent forests of fir and cedar, and it is our belief that every 160 acres of timber-covered land will, in a very few years, be worth a little fortune—any where from $5000 to $15,000. We have seen enough of the timber of the country to know that the men who possess 160 acres of it is fortunate indeed. This timber will cut on an average 30,000 feet to the acre.

It is our intention to each secure a claim in addition to our home upon the reserve.

Important Decision.

The state supreme court a few days ago handed down a decision which has a vital interest to those engaged in the lumbering industry throughout the entire country, says the Seattle Spectator. The question involved was whether a number of loggers could join in a notice to file a lien upon saw-logs, the property of a company for which they had been working. The universal custom has been to file these notices separately, involving a heavy expense to the plaintiffs. In the case at issue, eleven loggers joined in the notice. Judge Lichtenberg decided against its validity. An appeal was taken and the supreme court decided in favor of the appelants The point has never been raised before and the loggers throughout the country owe a debt of gratitude to W. D. Lambuth, of this city, the bright young attorney who raised and fought it to a successful issue.

Dr. Baker, Dentist, of Port Townsend, has opened an office in Port Angeles. Rooms over G. V. Smith's office.

ANNEXATION, YES,

Is the Sentiment Likely to Prevail

AT SPECIAL ELECTION

Which Will be Held To-morrow for the Purpose of Voting on the Annexation of the Reservation to the City—Citizens believe in Advancement, Strides to Greater Commercial Advancement.

Tomorrow will be held the special election for the purpose of determining whether or not the people living on that territory generally known as the reservation desire annexation to the city of Port Angeles.

During the past few weeks several public meetings have been held for the purpose of definitely and accurately ascertaining the prevailing sentiment upon this important question.

A resolution was adopted at a meeting held at the opera house several weeks ago, that did not favor annexation until such time as the present municipality had properly settled and adjusted its street and other municipal indebtedness. Subsequently a meeting was held in the council chamber which unmistakably evidenced a change of public opinion upon this question particularly with the people living in the territory proposed to be annexed, as there is little, if any opposition to the proposition in the city.

The most pronounced opposition to annexation from the outer limits arises from the fact that the opinion prevails with the residents of the territory proposed to be annexed that in the event it becomes a portion of the municipality they would have to assume their share of the present municipal indebtedness. As the doubt regarding this question has been satisfactorily removed from the fact that the statutes provides that a municipal debt must be paid entirely by the old government and that the annexed territory is in no way responsible for such indebtedness, the strong, pronounced opposition to annexation is rapidly being overcome, and there remains little doubt but that the proposition will carry.

Citizens regard the movement in harmony and in keeping with the healthful and natural advancement of a promising town the ever increasing demands of which require a step forward, expansion and a firmer grasp of the material resources with which nature has so lavishly provided this favored spot.

Now that it has been determined that settlers of the reservation will soon acquire title to their lots, they realize that as a part of the municipal government they will receive greater benefits, privileges and advantages than possibly accrue to outside territory not within the domain of the incorporate limits.

Then again, the reservation is naturally situated so as to become a part of the city, the outermost limits, in fact, not being too remotely situated to unreasonably extend the incorporate limits.

Taking everything into consideration there is good prospect of annexation carrying at the election tomorrow. Regarded as it is by a wideawake, public spirited community, as an onward step to greater commercial importance.

With the question settled that the indebtedness of the old would not have to be assumed by the new city government, with the understanding that residents of the reserve will not be subject to either county or city taxes until such time as they acquire a title to their lots, the gravest objections to annexation appear to have been removed.

Out for Reform and Good Government.

C. F. Clapp, a banker and capitalist, and probably the wealthiest man in Port Townsend, has deserted the Republican party and for good. He will in the coming election work and vote for the election of Cleveland and Stevenson and the whole Democratic state and county ticket. Mr. Clapp has been a Republican all his life, but high tariff and local Republican extravagance have converted him to what he says will henceforth be his true political faith. He has but recently returned from a trip to California and says that while in San Francisco, old time Republican business men by the score told him that Grover Cleveland was their choice for president.

Clallam Bay Record:

The house and improvements on the claim of Charles B. Menser were destroyed by fire Sunday night. Mr. Measor had set some brush fires out during the day and left for the bay Sunday afternoon. The next day the ruins of the fire were discovered by John Dearosiers who passed by. The loss amounts to several hundred dollars.

COUNTY NEWS.

Interesting Paragraphs From the County Press.

The timber is nearly all ready for the new bridge over the Klawhawah river and the framing will commenced soon. In four or five weeks more the two rivers between here and East Clallam can be crossed "dry shod."

***

The hop crop near Forks is in [illegible] there is nothing to compare with it. It is a most beautiful sight to pass a hop yard and see the large, white hops, hanging "as thick as hops" on the vines. All hop growers are feeling good.

***

Mr. Fred O. Lamoreux passed here Monday on horseback on his way to Beaver for a visit home of a few days. Mr. Lamoreux has actively engaged in the practice of law at Port Angeles, having his office with Judge L. M. Lane He will undoubtedly succeed at his profession.

***

Supervisor Keltner commenced building the new road from the east to the west side of the bay, last Saturday, with a small force of men. A bridge will be built across the creek at the west end of Frontier street. The road, when completed, will be a valuable improvement to the bay.

***

Messrs. Ferguson and Willoughby, who live at the mouth of the Ozette river, have secured the contract for carrying the mail from Neah Bay to Ozette. They have been working on a trail between those places for the past two months and it will take them as much longer to complete it.

***

The fir timber of Clallam county will take precedence over that of any other in the state. Last week a log was put in at the mouth of Lyle river which was 62 feet long, add which measured five feet, seven inches at the top end. The log was hauled by six oxen driven by Amos Myerr at Myers & Van Allen's camp Gettysburg.

***

Another of our popular young men has taken a plunge into the blissful sea of matrimony. Last Sunday morning Mr. Alfred Cays and Miss Jennie Miner, both well known young people of Dungeness, were married at the M. E. church, Rev. Kindred officiating. After the ceremony the happy couple left for a few days' visit in Angeles, returning Tuesday. The Beacon joins the many friends of Mr. and Mrs Cays in extending best wishes.

***

Mrs. A. M. Johnston last week closed the summer term of school at this place after a most satisfactory session. She will teach the coming winter at Port Angeles. Mrs. Johnston is a thorough teacher with an unusual ability to impart knowledge to her scholars. She keeps them interested in their work, making it a real pleasure for them to learn. Mrs. Johnston has the best wishes of her Port Crescent friends in her new line of duties.

***

Port Crescent Leader.

The United States' coast survey steamer Gedney came into port again last Sunday and remained here a short time on business connected with the survey. The Gedney came from Dungeness and went from here to the lighthouse on Discovery Island, one of the main stations in the work of triangulation. Capt. Flynne says he will return in about a week and intends to enjoy the trout fishing at Lake Crescent. The fog has interfered considerably the work of the survey.

***

Dungeness Beacon.

Our farmers must begin to collect their products for display at the Harvest Home on October 5th. Displays of all cereals, vegetables, fruits, dairy products, live stock, etc., must be made and it will acquire the assistance of every farmer in this section to make the enterprise a success. Those who have charge of the arrangements must lose no time in perfecting their plans and see that everything is prepared in season. This exhibition will be the best advertisement this country has ever had.

***

Mr. D. A. Christopher, the well known energetic rancher on the Solduck above Beaver, is earnestly and vigorously pushing the demand of that section for a county road from Beaver to Lake Crescent. This project is already well under way. The viewers have located the road and it has been properly surveyed and the report has been filed. Mr. Christopher, who was one of the viewers, says the route selected is a bee line from Beaver to Lake Crescent, free from hills and swamps—in short a splendid location for a public highway for which there exists a public need. The lakes are now accessible from both Port Crescent and Port Angeles and the opening of the link between Lake Crescent and Beaver would furnish a new route between the Quillayute country and the eastern part of Clallam county. The matter will undoubtedly receive the early and favorable attention of the county commissioners. Mr. Christopher says that the road can be opened within sixty days at comparatively little expense. It will be one of the driest and easiest traveled avenues of approach to the Quillayute country. There cannot be too many of them. In the west the opening of roads is a matter of the highest public interest.

THE DEMOCRAT.

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JOHN W. TROY.....Editor

FOR PRESIDENT,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

VICE-PRESIDENT,

ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

STATE TICKET.

Governor,
H. J. SNIVELY,
of Yakima.

Congress,
THOMAS CARROLL,
of Pierce;
JAMES A. MUNDAY,
of Clarke;

Supreme Judges,
W. H. BRINKER,
of Pacific;
EUGENE K. HANNA,
of Whitman.

Lieutenant Governor,
DR. H. C. WILLISON,
of Jefferson.

Secretary of State,
JOHN M'REAVY,
of Mason.

Treasurer,
HARRISON CLOTHIER,
of Skagit.

Auditor,
SAMUEL BASS,
of Whatcom.

Attorney General,
R. W. STARR,
of Douglass.

Supt. of Public Instruction,
J. H. MORGAN,
of Kittitas.

Commissioner of Public Lands,
DR. F. S. LEWIS,
of Clallam,

State Printer,
JOPEPH A. BORDEN,
of Spokane.

Presidential Electors,
LOUIS K. CHUECH,
of Snohomish;
L. H. PLATTOR,
of Spokane;
F. D. ARNOLD,
of Chehalis;
J. W. STEARNS,
of Whitman.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Superior Judge,
L. M. LANE.

For Representative,
CHARLES E. MALLETTE.

For County Auditor,
JOHN W. TROY.

For County Attorney,
D. W. BRYAN.

For Sheriff,
W. B. GOULD.

For County Clerk,
A. A. RICHARDSON.

For Treasurer,
M. J. CLUMP,

For County Surveyor,
E. A. FITZHENRY.

For Superintendent of Schools,
LENA WILCOX.

For County Assessor,
W. M. REDWINE.

For Coroner,
DR. I. R. HERRICK.

For County Commissioners,
1st District, JAMES B. DICK.
2nd District, ROBERT N. WILSON.
3rd District, HANS HANSEN.

JUDGE McCLINTON backs down before the fearless Judge Lane.

IF you are a Republican and really love your party, defeat its local boss rule, and save your party from further dishonor.

THE Democratic and People's Party enthusiasm developed at the Republican meeting Monday night rather astonished McGraw's circus. Port Angeles' audiences want argument and not sophistry.

THE demoralizing and iniquitious system of collecting delinquent taxes should be repealed. It is unnecessarily and unjustly expensive to taxpayers. The Democratic party of the state is committed to repeal this oppressive piece of Republican legislation.

THE Democratic candidates for commissioners are pledged to conduct the affairs of the county in an economical and business-like manner. The Republican candidates are not pledged to anything, other than a continuance of the present extravagant administration. Which would you prefer?

PRINCELY INCOMES filched from the pockets of taxpayers by county deputies and squandered in conducting an expensive campaign, is the deplorable spectacle confronting the voters of the county. Will they rebuke this flagrant abuse of pubservice?

REPUBLICAN management of the county has resulted in the creating of an enormous debt, squandering of public funds in unreasonably extravagant salaries to deputy county officers, outrageously oppressive taxation and glaring abuse of public trust. Isn't it about time to crush this ring of squanderers, these plunderers of the county treasury?

A RIGHTEOUSLY (?) dignified jduge spurns the idea of an intelligent joint discussion of the local issues of the campaign, as he regards the judgeship above partisan politics. Notwithstanding his exalted position on this queston, he has delivered several extremely partisan speeches, during the present campaign. Very, very delicate discrimination, this.

IN attempting to make the people beiieve that the Democrats mis-state the financial condition of the county when the present Republican officers took charge. Mr. Hoole very conveniently omits to take into account the cash in the treasury on January 12, 1891. The net debt of the county on January 17, 1891, five days after the present administration assumed charge, allowing liberally for accrued interest. was but $10,028.62. Republican figures to the contrary notwithstanding.

MCGRAW AND THE BANKS.

John H. McGraw attempted a defense of the National Bank law in his speech Monday night, and, as an argument, adduced the fact that they did not take into account, or use the full circulation they are entitled to by law.

This but exemplifies what is claimed by the Democratic and People's party opposition to the National Bank law. The first objection to our National Bank law is the fact that our circulating medium is put into the control of a combination of bankers, instead of being controlled by the people through the general government. The National Association of National Bankers, who meet every year, have it within their power to determine the volume of their circulation. This they do, making it, of course, at the highest point possible not to effect the high rate of interest which must be maintained at all hazards, This is all wrong.

No, Mr. McGraw, the people would much prefer that you use your whole circulating medium, if you are to control its extent at all, which they oppose.

A TIME FOR PATRIOTIC ACTION.

If the voters of Clallam county desire to give notice to the world that their county will not tolerate a boss rule of favoritism and greed, will not tolorate the outrage and abuse of their institutions, and will not tolerate a band of officials who misappropriate their taxes and run them headlong in debt to perpetuate their own power and fatten their own pocket books, they will follow the example of the liberty and home loving people of other sections of this great country and defeat the present county administration, and the party that is responsible for it. This is not a political question. It is a time when partisanship should give way for patriotism. The fair name of our county is at stake.

Under like conditions, the people of Seattle, only last March, defeated a Republican ring although Seattle is a strong Republican city. The home protecters of that city, Democrats, Republicans and People's party, joined hands and elected J. T. Ronald mayor and ousted McGraw's gang.

Minneapolis, a Democratic city, is today in Republican hands for a like reason. Chicago, a Democratic city, is likewise temporarily Republican. But yesterday, almost, Boston and San Francisco, Democratic cities, experienced political revolutions because the Democratic party had become corrupt. Spokane went Democratic, because Republicans and People's party men voted for honesty.

These illustrations teach a lesson the people have duly learned. That the best possible way to serve notice that dishonesty, corruption and trickery will not be permitted, is to defeat any party, no matter what its profession, that is responsible for these conditions.

This not only purifies the public service, but it purifies the party itself.

Now, citizens, with alll respect for for the People's party and its honest fight for honest government, there is but one way to effectually estop this manner of proceeding in Clallam county. This is apparent. It is to vote the Democratic ticket with its party's local record and emphatic platform.

Your duty as a patriotic citizen, as a patriotic member of your party, no matter what it is, demands this at this time.

Vote your party principles, if you will, for president, but vote to to save your county's good name, to to protect your homes, to save yourself from bankruptcy.

ARTFUL DODGERS.

The Republican campaign speakers having attacked the arguments of the Democratic candidate for superior judge, the Democratic county central committee issued the following challenge that the people might have an opportunity to judge for themselves between the arguments set forth.

The challenge was as follows:

PORT ANGELES, WASH., Sep. 19, 1892.

To W. R. GAY:—

Chairman Republican County Central Committree of Clallam County.

The following challenge is hereby issued:

The Democratic Candidate for Superior Judge, L. M. Lane, will meet at such time and place in Clallam county as you may select, the Republican candidate for Superior Judge, Jas. G. McClinton, and discuss either of the following propositions:

1st.—Resolved that it is to the interest of the tax-payers of Clallam county that the Democratic ticket for Clallam county should be elected at the coming November election. In which Judge L. M. Lane shall take the affirmative and Judge McClinton the negative.

2nd.—Resolved that it is to to the interest of the tax-payers of Clallam county that the Republican ticket for Clallam county should be elected at the coming November election. In which Judge McClinton shall take the affirmative and Judge Lane the negative. An early reply is desired.

By order of Democratic County Central Committee.

WILLIAM K. CLARK,
Chairman.
R. A. GRIMES,
Secretary.

As usual with later day Republicans, who never want a joint discussion of principles, the Republican Central Committee addressed the following marvelous missile to the Democratic County Central Committee:

PORT ANGELES, WASH., Sep. 20, 1892.

To WM. K. CLARK and R. A. GRIMES,

Chairman and Secretary of the Democratic County Central Committee of Clallam county.

Gentlemen:—

Your challenge of Sep. 19th, 1892, received, in which our candidate for superior judge, Hon. James G. McClinton, is requested to meet your candidate for superior judge, Hon. L. M. Lane, and discuss the following propositions:—

1st.—Resolved that it is to the interest of the taxpayers of Clallam county that the Democratic ticket for Clallam county should be elected at the coming November election, in which Judge Lane shall take the affirmative and Judge McClinton the negative.

2st.—Resolved that it to the interest of the tax-payers of Clallam county that the Republican ticket for Clallam county shall be elected at the coming November election, in which Judge McClinton shall take the affirmative and Judge Lane the negative.

In reply we have the honor to say, that the same is most respectfully declined.

And in this connection we frankly state, that while a firm believer in and supporter of the principles of Republicanism, it is the opinion of and position taken by our candidate, for this office, which fully meets the approbation of the Republican party of the county, that this office is non-partisan, and that it is not to the interests of the citizens and taxpayers that its incumbent, or candidate, should so far forget its dignity and its sacred duties to all citizens, irrespective of party affiliations, as to participate in partisan political or local discussions.

Respectfully,

By order of the Republican county central committee.

W. R. GAY,
Chairman county committee.
HORACE WHITE,
Secretary county committee.

Bosh! These are high sounding phrases, but they bear the impress of inconsistency and deception. It is bombast. Sophistry.

The fact is Judge McClinton is a partisan politician. He is not much else. He has never missed an opportunity to discuss partisan politics. At the Republican ratification of the nomination of partisan Harrison; at the Republican convention, at every Republican meeting since the campaign opened, that has been addressed by the Republican candidates, Judge McClintion has been on hand with a partisan speech. The first political speech outside of Port Angeles since the convention, was made by this high moral judge.

The citizens of Port Angeles do not forget that at the time of the organization of the Republican club in this city, when a strong minority attempted to break the ring shackels that bound the Republican party hand and foot to its masters, Judge McClinton was on hand wield a partisan lash, and was largely instrumental in whipping into line many who were prepared to do what they belived to be right

No, artful dodgers, your tactics will not work. The people understand you. You are afraid to compare your sophistry with the truth.

But no matter The people of Clallam county understand the situation. They will act accordingly.

ROUSING DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Triumphal Reform March Through the County.

The Clallam county Democrats opened their campaign in East Clallam last Friday night, and and at Gettysburgh Saturday night. At both places good meetings were held. East Clallam, although a new town, is one of the most promising of all the new northwestern cities. Having a fine harbor, many lasting improvements and a live, active, genial and hospitable population. Clallam's future success is more than assured. It was toward this fair city and its good people, that a Democratic delegation of candidates and others, consisting of Judge L. M. Lane, Chas. E. Mallette, A. A. Richardson. W. B. Gould, John W. Troy, W. M. Redwine, E. A. FitzHenry, Hans Hansen and R. A. Grimes set their faces, Friday afternoon, taking passage on the Garland at Port Angeles.

The party was met at Clallam by a large delegation of Clallam's good Democrats. They were escorted up the dock and into the city where an hour or more was spent in enjoying the society of the entertaining populace.

Fairservice's hall was well filled by 7:30 o'clock when the speaking commenced, with Charles E. Mallette. Mr. Mallette made an entertaining talk which was followed by Hans Hansen who handled national issues in an able speech. R. A. Grimes followed Mr. Hansen with one of his characteristic and eloquent speeches. Judge Lane was then introduced. For nearly an hour this eloquent and able jurist handled county matters in a manner that was both entertaining and able. He showed up in its true colors the actions of the Republican county administration. Judge Lane's speech was warmly received, as was that of A. A. Richardson, which followed. E. A. FitzHenry and W. M. Redwine each made speeches in answer to calls. John W. Troy was then loudly called for. and answered with a neat 5 minute speech which was loudly cheered.

The intelligent audience paid marked attention to all the speeches, cheering each successive point, as made.

AT GETTYSBURGH.

Gettysburgh is the greatest and most productive lumbering section in northwestern Washington.

At this place the logging firms of Hall & Bishop, Myers & VanAllen and Peter Mohrlick are all running large camps, putting in nearly 100,000 feet of good fir and spruce lumber per day, and giving employment to a large force of men. The speakers, who held forth at Clallam arrived at this place Saturday morning, and were royally entertained by R. N. Getty, the genial and warm hearted Democrat, who is the host of the hotel Getty. Good Democrats made a day at that place comfortable and entertaining for the visitors.

A large number of the voters of that section filled to overflowing the large dining room of Hall & Bishop's camp. M. Minnehan presided. and introduced the same list of speakers who addressed the Clallam Bay people. All were cheered and applauded. Gettysburgh is a good Democratic precinct.

Sunday morning the jolly Democrats took a boat for Crescent where they were met by a wagon taking them to Port Angeles over Burlingame's famous trail. The perpendicular grades, the shaky bridges and the narrow windings of the crooked path were more than fully impressed upon the Democratic orators. who probably now know even more than ever before about the Burlingame trail.

"A LAW OF GOD,"

Is What a Republican Speaker Designates the Principle of Democracy.

Last Monday evening was an occasion long to be remembered by Democrats—and Republicans as well. The Republican candidates for governor and secretary of state John H. McGraw and James H. Price, respectively, attended by a duet of speakers (and such speakers) made their bow to the voters of Port Angeles.

Chairman Gay presided. And as he arose to present, according to custom, the first speaker, which unfortunately happened to be Mr. Albert E. Joab, of Tacoma, his eye greeted one of the largest, one of the most intelligent and one of the most representative audiences ever assembled in this city. Chairman Gay was happy. He thought he saw success perched upon the Republican banner. He appeared for the moment to forget that "Man proposes and God disposes," the truth of which was most abundantly evidenced as the meeting progressed. for it did appear as though Divine Providence, the sympathies of the audience, and, unconsciously maybe, the utterances of the speakers were with the Democratic party and reform.

Mr. Joab, being duly introduced to the audience, began his famous 90 minute speech by paying a tribute to this grand and glorious commonwealth, the beautiful city of Port Angeles, the Republican party and Benjamin Harrison. His remarks of the state and of the city were approved and applauded. But the audience did not enthuse over Benjamin and the g. o. p They knew them too well. And of course you know the fatality of undue familiarity?

Mr. Joab then told his listeners of the everlasting debt of gratitude they owed the Republican party for the admission of Washington. But he never said a word about Grover Cleveland signing the admission bill.

The speaker then proved himself somewhat of a humorist and jester. by telling the amused audience that "all Republicans were not angels, but all angels were Republicans." This. of course. meant the angels from the lower region, and the Democrats. applauded. The bold, audacious speaker then pitched into the Peoples' party. And didn't he give them a drubbing! Even Candidate McGraw was ready to "holler" "enough." These pharisaical calamity-howlers," is the delicate compliment paid the third-partyites. He most cleverly avoided saying anything, however, of calamity makers. That wasn't his mission, you know. Then he spoke about "good politicians," the undiscovered region they inhabit he left the problem for the audience to solve.

But when he spoke of the foundamental principle of Democracy being "A Law of God," the storm of applause that greeted the remark forever settled the doubt (if any existed) in his mind, that the audience for the most part were true and tried Democrats. He then wound up by declaring that the McKinley bill even raised the cost of living in England, but did not tell his astonished audience whether or not it was responsible for the perpetual snow on old Mt. Baker's peak. Then with the remarkable declaration thet the American Merchant Marine was waning, he summarily expired.

A quartette comprised of Messrs. Wilson, Keller, Bickford and Fisher, accompanied by Miss Daisy Stewart on the piano, sang a campaign song, which was so warmly encored that the quartette responded.

Then James H. Price, declared his allegience to Re[illegible] and the United States [illegible] ief remarks were loudly ap[illegible] keenly appreciated.

Now comes the irrepressible Norman R. Smith, who aroused the audience to the sense of relization that the Republican party believed in protection, and proved his statement by declaring that the "protecting arm of the spit" was a creature of McKinley creation. He scored the first and only point of the evening.

Here John H. McGraw "bobs up serenely," to deplore Republican extravagance, the Pinkerton bill, high taxes, and the objection to national bank law, all footprints of Republicanism. His advice was to give them another trial and plenty of rope and all would be lovely.

Attorney Ivey of Seattle. is presented, who avowed that he "came to prove" the Republican party a "bundle of virtue," but the lateness of the hour forbid the herculean task, thus the exit of Mr. Ivey. and the finis of the great g. o. p. meeting. when the dismayed Republicans filed out with an expression of "O, deliver us," on their crest-fallen faces, while the Democrats beaming with satisfaction, silently expressed the desire that they should "come again."

A Birthday Party.

Thursday evening a number of friends responded to an invitation to attend the birthday party of Mrs. Drennan, at the City hotel. The occasion was appropriately commemorated with an elegant luncheon served in the spacious dining room of the hotel. The company were in the best of spirits. With animated conversation, witty repartee, several hours were most delightfully spent at the festive and joyous meal.

During the luncheon Mr. L. F. Pearson, in a few, well chosen words, presented the hostess with a beautiful bouquet of most delicate, fragrant and exquisitely fashioned flowers. And on behalf of the assembled guests and friends, Mr. Horace White feelingly presented Mrs. Drennan a pair of handsome, gold-rimmed spectacles, as a slight token in commemoration of the event, and expressed as the sentiment of the company, that she might be privileged to enjoy many happy returns of the same.

With others the following were present: Mrs. Drennan, Mrs. and Miss Hamilton, Miss Rowellan. Messrs. L. F. Person, Dr. George, L. R. Cole, H. White, W. Brumfield, S. Hall, Whalin, R. A. Grimes and J. Kershberg.

Will He Accept It as a Substitute?

The attempt Mr. Harrison makes in his letter of acceptance to misrepresent Jefferson will not deceive anyone who knows American history. In the platform of Jeffersnian Democracy Jefferson declared for "free commerce with all nations." In his first inaugural address he declared for "a wise and frugal government which shall restrain men from injuring one another, weich shall leave them otherwise free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement." In his sixth annual message he recommended free trade in salt on the ground that it was a necessary of lefe, and advised congress to transfer the salt tax to luxuries. But aside from his many utterances which might easily be quoted we have the official record of the tariff rate during all the years of his administration. The highest revenue from it was under $26,000,000 and the highest rate less than 24 per cent. It was 23 per cent. in 1804, the highest year, and only 18 per cent in 1808, the last year of his administration. Of a prohibitive tariff rate—a tax of from 100 to 300 per cent levied to exclude foreign wealth—neither Jefferson nor any of his contemporaries ever dreamed. So when Mr. Harrison begins quoting Jefferson as authority let him say whether he is willing to accept Jefferson's tariff as a substitute for the McKinley bill.—St. Louis Republic.

Well Satisfied, Thank You.

The Democrats are pretty well satisfied, thank you, with the August and September elections so far. They indicate that the tidal wave of 1890 has not lost its force.—St. Louis Republic.

Mr. Robert G. Walker, of Tacoma, was at the Markham house Monday night returning from a month's sport at Lake Crescent and in the Solduck valley. He says he will return next year with a large party of friends. He thinks the lakes and Solduck will in the future be one of the leading places of resort in western Washington.

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ATTENTION. STUDENTS!

Do you wish to fit for college, or to secure a good Academic education, Puget Sound Academy at Coupeville is well equipped for such work.

EXCELLENT MUSICAL DEPARTMENT

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PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL APPARATUS.

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MISSOURI OAK.
JOHN QUINN, Manager.
Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
BOTTLED BEER FOR FAMILY USE, 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Front Street - - - - Port Angeles.

City Hotel,
American and European Plan.
Sample Room in Connection.
Free Express to all Boats.
L. F. PERSON, Prop.

MONEY TO LOAN
On ranches only; am prepared to close without delay loans of small or large amounts at very reasonable terms. THOS. MALONY

P. J. WILLIAMS
THE JEWELER.

Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Etc.
Repairing a Specialty.
All Work Warranted.
—AT—
CLARK'S BAY VIEW HOUSE.
Front St., Port Angeles, Wash.

Port Angeles Pharmacy,
KELLER & RANDALL,
Successors to
P. F. KIERNAN.
Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.
PUREST of MEDICINES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Everything in the Drug Line.
PORT ANGELES. - WASH

Lee & Souther,
DRESSMAKERS.
Parlors in
MASTICK BUILDING.
A Specialty Made of Children's Clothing and Ladies' Tailoring.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PATRONIZE
White Labor!!
AT THE
Port Angeles
Steam Laundry.
Bradford & Co.

THE DEMOCRAT.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1892.

IN THE COURTS.

Grindings of the Superior Court During the Week.

NEW CASES.

C. A. Lundy & Co. vs. The Port Angeles Mill and Lumber Co. Complaint filed. Summons issued and filed.

Gustav Staddlemann vs. The C. E. Burlingame Contract Co. Complaint filed and summons issued.

D. N. Vasilatos vs. Sarah Vasilatos. Complaint filed and summons issued.

SUPERIOR BRIEFS.

Mary Ann Morse vs. W. C. Williams et al. Order entering decree of default, and judgment rendered.

PROBATE COURT.

In the matter of the estate of Alden Goodwin. Order entered appointing Silas Goodwin guardian.

Joseph Proll filed application for final proof on homestead entry for lot 10, sec 19 and lots 2, 5, 8, 11 and 12, of sec. 30, tp. 31 n, r 10 west.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Geo. E. Fisher, the man who has opened the new Tivoli in the Butler block, with such brilliant success, is disgusted at the Seattle Mercury because it stated he wss a San Francisco man. He is really a Port Angeles aborigine, and very proud of it. He wants his fellow-townsmen to know this, too.—Seattle Mercury.

Republican candidate for governor John H. McGraw, and Secretary of State James H. Price, accompanied by campaign speakers A. E. Joab, of Tacoma, Attorney Ivey, of Seattle and John F. Church, went to Dungeness Tuesday where a meeting was held, returning Wednesday, when the delegation proceeded to Clallam Bay, where Republican services were held Wednesday evening greatly to the amusement of the intelligent citizens of that thriving town.

The Ladies' World's Fair Club of this city will give a social hop at the opera house this (Friday) evening. Tickets only 50 cents a couple. Refreshments will be served for only 15 cents each additional by the ladies of the club. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mr. D. C. Ashmun, the manager of the Michigan Soldier Association, who arrived with the first division of old soldiers last Sunday, will return to Michigan Tuesday next to escort another party of soldiers to Port Angeles.

Social hop at the opera house tonight.

The Gate City band accompanied the Republican speakers to Clallam Wednesday.

The colony mill has been running this week.

Steamer Bailey Gatzert arrived from Seattle Friday en route for Portland, where she will go into winter quarters. She is moored alongside Morse's wharf awaiting favorable weather before she makes a start upon her hazardous voyage.

Rousing Democratic meetings were held at Clallam and Gettysburg last Friday and Saturday evenings.

The steamer Monticello has again met with an accident. Her boiler exploded last week, fatally scalding the engineer. The steamer Evangel made a trip here Sunday evening bringing a large consignment of freight and a number of passengers for her. The Monticello will undergo necessary repairs, and, no doubt will have a new boiler built as the one at present in use has proved that it is by no means safe.

At the regular session of the city council last Wednesday evening councilmen Metcalfe, Bell, Lewis, Thompson, Peterson, Quinn and Mayor Smith were present. Sundry bills were allowed. An ordinance was presented, asking that a franchise be granted to John Cain for wharf privaldges at the foot of Tumwater street. After reading it was referred to the city attorney for amendments. At a special meeting held Thursday afternoon an ordinance providing for a street grade assessment levy on First street was passed. They then adjourned to meet Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Mona are the happy parents of a girl baby, born Monday night.

Mrs. B. B. Meagher presented her husband with a ten pound boy Tuesday night.

D. C. Ashman will leave Tuesday, returning to Saginaw, Michigan, to make arrangements for the coming of the next party of the G. A. R. colony. It will leave about Oct. 15, and contains in the neighborhood of 200 persons. They will be followed later by still another train load.

A Scandenavian mass meeting will be held at Capt. O. Johnson's house on Fourth street, Tuesday evening next September 27th intst. The meeting will be addrssed by Hans Hansen of the Quillayute. The subject will be "Our Duty as Citizens."

Messrs. C. A. Warner and C. A. Foss have control of the Port Angeles Steam Laundry. The new firm will be known as C. A. Warner and Co. The business will continue at the old stand.

Preaching next Sunday morning at the Baptist Church. Sunday school following the service. In the evening the Harvest Home Festival scene. All cordially invited.

The steamer Michigan arrived from Portland with a large miscellaneous cargo of freight for Port Angeles business houses, on last Tuesday afternoon.

PERSONAL.

John W. Cays and son, Chas. Cays, were in this city Monday,

Mrs. H. B. Willson on Wednesday morning last received a telegram from Stanford, Conn., announcing the death of her mother, Catharine Blickensderfer.

Mr. Thos. Malony, was in Tacoma this week on business.

Wm. Barker, of Gettysburg, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. L. H. Cays, of Dungeness, was in town Wednesday.

Messrs. A. A. Richardson and W. K. Clark, left for the Dungeness country Wednesday.

Rev. W. W. Ferrier, of the First Congregational church, went to Seattle Monday to superintend the removal of his household furniture to this place.

C. P. Brown, cashier of the First National bank, left Tuesday morning for a two weeks' visit at Tacoma.

H. K. Bickford received a telegram announcing the sad intelligence of a serious accident to his father in Paten Bay, Ohio, which it is feared will prove fatal. It appears that he was struck with the hammer of a pile driver while at work there. The blow from the hammer, which was a terrific one, crushed his skull and fractured his jaw. The sympathy of the many friends of Mr. Bickford is extended in the hour of misfortune.

Mr. E. T. Cays and Miss Emma Cays, of Dungeness, were in Port Angeles Sunday.

Mrs. Rev. W. W. Ferrier, who is visiting relatives in Indiana, will join her husband here next month. Mrs. Ferrier will be a valued acquisition to Port Angeles society as she is a talented and an accomplished woman.

Messrs. James W. Jones, of Port Townsend, agent of Canadian Pacific railway, and J. G. Knuckey, traveling passenger agent of the same road, were in Port Angeles, last Friday. While here they established a regular agency for the Canadian Pacific railway, with M. J. Carrigan as agent.

Signal Service Observer Wm. Bell accompanied by Mrs. Bell and child, left Sunday for Olympia, in response to a summons from Washington to report there and to temporarily perform the duties of that office, made vacant by the mysterious disappearance of Observer Olney, Mr. Bell will probably be absent for several weeks.

Observer Irvine came up from Pysht to take charge of the signal service office here during the absence of Mr. Bell at Olympia.

Col. Oliver Wood, of Port Townsend was in town Monday.

Harry Pilcher and wife of Port Townsend were in this city Monday.

M. A. Alexander and wife of Dungeness were in this city Monday.

W. A. Van Allen, of Gettysburg, one of the prominent loggers of that city was in this city Tuesday and Wednesday.

W. A. Daniels, his son and Mr. Dewey, of Texas Valley, were in this city Monday.

A. G. Collins, of Beaver, visited this city this week.

A petition is in circulation asking for a county road from this point to connect with the Texas valley road. This is the road that has been urged by the Beacon in previous issues.

At Blyn.

W. B. Main was hauling lumber for his new home on Saturday.

The various candidates on the Republican ticket gave us a talk last Friday at the school house.

Miss Marjory Fowler of Dungeness, visited her mother at Blyn on Saturday and Sunday.

Burt Smith and the Misses Ida Sinders, Elsie Ware of Sequim, and Mr. L. S. Green, Miss Mamie Rogers, of Washington harbor, spent Sunday at the Burrows.

Several young people attended the dance at Sequim last Friday evening. M.

A Good Time at Sequim.

The young people of Sequim will give a grand ball at the F. M. B. A. hall at that place Friday night, October 7th. The people of Port Angeles are especially invited to attend. Free stable room is provided for horses and rigs from this city. The best of local talent will furnish the music. A good time is guaranteed.

Notice.

To whom it may concern: My wife, Sarah C. Vail, has left my bed and board without just cause or excuse, and I hereby forbid any and all persons from giving her credit on my account. I will not be responsible for any bills or debts she may contract.

G. W. VAIL.

Port Angeles, Wash., Sept. 20, 1892.

Democratic Gains.

In Vermont the Democrats lost 1 per cent of their vote of 1888; the Republicans 20 per cent. The same ratio of comparative loss all over the country would not leave Harrison half a dozen states.—St. Louis Republic.

Parties being sued for taxes can save a large bill of costs by going to the clerk's office and making appearances to save service and publication.

GEO. VENABLE SMITH, Pros. Att'y.

Port Angeles, Wash., Sept. 2, '92.

Remember that Harvey sells nothing but the freshest of groceries, and is the cheapest house in town.

A STRONG TICKET.

Jefferson Democrats Nominate a Representative County Ticket.

The Jefferson county Democracy met last Saturday in convention for the purpose of nominating a legislytive and county ticket. The result of their deliberations meets with universal satisfaction with the citizens of the county irrespective of politics.

Jefferson like Clallam county has for the past four years been dominated by a ring of merciless squanderers, who have plunged the county deeply in debt by unwarranted extravagance and unjustifiable expenditure of public funds. The affairs of the county are in a terrible condition. Thousands of dollars have been squandered, an enormous bonded debt has been created, the statutory limit of indebtedness has been reached, taxes are oppressively high and increasing, while bankruptcy stares taxpayers in the face.

This is the condition confronting Jefferson county taxpayers. It is a deplorable condition taxpayers of Clallam are also familiar with. Is it any wonder that a change is demanded. Retrenchment, reform are the watchwords. Can you not see the silver lining of a glorous victory glistening refulgent rays above the Democratic horizon?

The people irrespective of politics desire an honest, economical administration. They will get it, too, are no the reason why.

The Democratic ticket of either county, have been nominated on a platform which positively pledges the candidates to rigid, economical expenditure of public funds. These tickets represent the better element of society. The candidates are men identified with the community, men os high character, capable and competent to discharge the duties of the office for which they have been nominated. The Democracy of Jefferson and of Clallam are in harmony with the Democracy of the state and of the country—imbued with high and patriotic ideas of honest, economical administration of governmental affairs.

The Jefferson county ticket nominated is as follows:

For the legislature, William Payne and Frank B. Turpin; superior judge, E. C. Johnson; county attorney, Robert Jennings; treasurer, J. C. Christian; sheriff, Thos. R. Delaney; auditor, Jerry S. Rogers; clerk, F. S. Colvin; assessor, John F. Sheehan; school superintendent, W. J. Rohde; wreckmaster, Charles H Jones; coroner, J. W. Kritch; county commissioners, George Sterret, S. C. Davis and E. B. Brinnon.

Real Estate Transfers.

Following is the list of transfers for the week ending September 2, as furnished by The Clallam County Abstract and Trust Co:

Hans Hansen to O. Mathias ⅛ lot 16, blk 41, N. R. Smith subd...$	375
J. C. Davis to Charles Russell, lots 3 to 6, blk. 19, townsite of Port Angeles	100
M. J. Martin to W. Crawford lot 2, sec. 9, tp 31 n, r 11	583
D H Stevens to E Thuland lot 1, blk D, Columbia add, e ½ ne ¼ of sec. 28, tp. 30 n, r 6	100
J Ratcliff to T J Ridehalgh 5 acres in w ½ sw ¼, sec. 33, tp 30 n, r 6 west	175
J E Church to T J Ridehalgh lots 13 to 16, blk 1, lot 22, blk 2	100
J E Church to T J Ridehalgh lots 17 to 24, blk 5, lot 33, blk 4, Thompson add	100
J E Church to J Ratcliff lots 9 to 16, blk 3, Thompsons add	100
J E Church to J Ratcliff, 5 acres in W ½ of S W ¼ 33-30-6	175
J E Church to Mrs E Marshall, lots 17 to 20, blk 1, 13-30-6	100
J E Church to Mrs E Marshall, 10 acres in W ½ of S W ¼ 33-30-6	350
J E Church to Mrs E Marshall lots 17 to 24 blk 2, and lot 33, blk 5, Thompsons add	100
J E Church to Mrs E Conway, 10 acres in W ½ of S W ¼ 33-30-63	350
J E Church to Earnest Schurch, lots 21 to 24, blk 7, Phillips add	100
W Chapman to J Wallace, N W ¼ of N E 1-4 18 30-6	100
J P Hovey to W H Gilstrap, lots 29 to 32, blk 5, Gay & Bickfords add to Port Angeles	500
Security Inveftment Co to W H Gilstrap, E ½ of lot 5, and lots 6 and 7, blk 6, Gay and Bickford add to Port Angeles	312.50
P S C C to G H Black, S W 1-4 of S W 1-4 19-30-6	1000
Francis W Jones, to A E Smith, M W 1-4 of S W 1-4 30-30-3	100
Chas N Scott to Eva A Osborne, lots 7 to 12, blk 26, lots 5, 3, 6, to 12, blk 27, lots 7 to 10, blk 28, lots 4 to 10, blk 37, lots 1 to 12, blk 38, lots 1 to 12, blk 39, lots 1, 2, 11, 12, blk 40, Woodlawn add	2659
A McConachy to G M Lauridson, S W 1-4 of of S W 1-4 19-30-5	1000
W M Curch to L E Peters, lot 4, and E ½ of lot 5, blk 22, Normon R Smith sub division	200
Oregon Land Co to B T Rowland, lots 1 to 7, and 18 to 24, blk 19, Faca add	
C D Mason to R Ritter, lots 17 to 35, blk 2. west end Syncicate add	

At the Dramatic Recital.

The dramatic recital given last Tuesday evening at the opera house by Kiss Elizabeth Rowellan of San Francisco, was very creditable and meritorious. Although not as large as the character of the entertainment deserved, an intelligent and highly appreciative aduience had assembled to hear the recitals of this talanted woman. The program produced was varied, including pathetic, humorous and tragical selections from famed authors. To creditably produce these selections requires not only pronounced natural and cultivated elocutionary powers, but artistic ability and genuis of high order.

While possessing undoubted dramatic ability, that possessed by Miss Rowellan is not of versatile nature, by any means. The full strength, excellence and force of her powers are best displayed in a role not representing conflicting emotions, first intense passion, then a relenting, forgiving spirit, but a character of unrelenting severity, wrought up with an intensity of feeling that shows a truly tragical nature. In the recital of "Letter Scene from Macbeth," "Fra Giacamo" and "Aux Italiens," the true merit and depth of her dramatic power was most favorably and powerfully revealed.. In the production of the "First Settler's Story," a selection that requires a keen conception of pathos, a sympathetic voice, sentiments that must feelingly represent the character, she did not appear to good advantage, notwithstanding she acquitted herself, however, in a very clever manner.

Her natural ability, intelligence, deep devotion and untiring application will produce most gratifying and satisfactory results in a profession only where excellence, unrelenting industry, thoughtful application and true genius sacceeds.

The program produced was as follows:

PART FIRST.

Letter Scene from Macbeth...Shakspear
Lasca.....Desprez
Lady Clara.....Tennyson
A Piece of Red Calico.....Crocker
Aux Italiens.....Owen Meredith

PART SECOND.

Fra Giacamo.....Robert Buchanan
First Settler's Story.....Carleton
What My Lover Said.....Greene
A Secret.....Hadley
The Portrait.....Meredith

Ladies if you want your suit or wrap stylishly made and perfectly fitted; call on Mrs. Sonder. West Front near Oak street (down stairs) two doors from THE DEMOCRAT office.

Bank of Port Angeles make loans to settlers to prove up with.

James Hamilton Lewis.

One of the best and most popular cigars in the state is the James Hamilton Lewis. This cigar is, as it should be, an especial favorite with Democrats, who are loyal to their great state leader, and coming governor. Raymond Bros., have the agency for this city for this splendid cigar.

The First National Bank

—OF—

PORT ANGELES.

Capital - - - - - $50,000

W. W. GRAY, President.
D. W. MORSE, Vice-President,
C. P. BROWN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

F. M. Wade, D. W. Morse, W. W. Gray, David Gilmore, Lewis Levy, Frank Chambers, Sr.

A FINISHED WORKMAN.

F. SCHULER,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

INSTRUCTIONS IN FIRST-CLASS tailoring establishments, and years of experience in the business justifies me in guaranteeing a perfect fit.

THE LATEST PATTERNS IN SUITING ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Front Street - Port Angeles, Wash.

Business Locals.

Fisher's Pharmacy the 'Old reliable.'

Canned tomatoes 10 cents at Harveys'.

Say! have you tried a sack of Del Monte flour at Harvey's?

The tariff and a large slice of the profits are off all goods at Harvey's.

If you want the very best of everything, go to Fisher's Pharmacy.

FARM LOANS, OPTION PLAN.
J. E. BEAM.

Money to Loan on Improved Farms on the OPTION plan.
E. BEAM, Port Angeles, Wash.

Try one pound of Harvey's favorite brand of Mocha and Java coffee and you will use no other.

First class domestic and imported liquors at bed rock prices at the Old Crow, George E. Fisher, proprietor.

When you want a sack of flour, don't forget that the Del Monte is the best, and there is no duty on it at Harvey's.

If you have a few dollars to spend for groceries, you can save from ten to twenty-five per cent by buying at Harvey's.

Fisher's pharmacy has the most complete stock of fishing tackle ever brought to Angeles.

Cheap stoves, pumps, bath-tubs sinks etc. W. Banks, at Martin's sash factory.

The Port Angeles Steam Laundry makes a specialty of doing up collars and cuffs.

Patronize white labor and take your washing to the Port Angeles Steam Laundry.

Family washing at the Port Angeles Steam Laundry for from 25 to 50 cents per dozen for plain work.

Elegantly furnished rooms at George E. Fishers' Old Crow. Open day and night. A convenience for Hermosa passengers.

George E. Fisher has on hand a fine stock of imported liquors direct from the Hudson Bay company.

Call for a ham or swiss cheese sandwich when you imbibe in a glass of sparkling lager at the Old Crow.

Take home once in a while a few bottles of cold St. Louis Lager for your family.—Geo. E. Fisher's. Prescription

Garden Hose, Garden Hose, Garden Hose. Largest consignment just received at Banks, next door to DEMOCRAT office.

Messrs. Bradford & Co., have leased the plant of the Port Angeles Steam Laundry and are prepared to do first class work. Patronage from out of town is solicited and all such orders will meet with prompt attention.

Geo. E. Fisher of the Old Crow, has always on hand, the best brands of cigars, such as "Lillies' Cuban Blossom," "Flor de Madrid," Olympian," "Rio Columbia" and other assortments.

Smoke Our Candidate cigar. The best in town. At Pendergast's.

A perfect fit guaranteed in gent's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

A large fall stock of gent's women's and children's boots and shoes just received at the New York Clothing House.

Boots and shoes at The New York Clothing House.

Buy your clothing at The New Clothing and get the advantages.

Take advantage of the 20 per cent. discount on Men's, boys, and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

Take advantage of the cut in prices in men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

The New York Clothing House has the only exclusive gent's furnishing establishment in town. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Gentlemen's suits made to order at the New York Clothing House. From $20 up. A perfect fit guaranteed.

A 20 per cent discount on men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

An elegant stock of gent's neckwear at the New York Clothing house.

Perfect fit in Clothing at The New York Clothing House.

Examine the large stock of gent's clothing. At the New York Clothing house.

Bank of Port Angeles makes loans to settlers to prove up with.

L. ROCKMAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CIGARS, TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

AGENTS FOR

The Lion and Imperial Fire Insurance Cos. of London.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN THE Superior court of Clallam county, state of Washington.

Merchants Bank of Port Townsend, Plaintiff.
vs. NO. 501
Laura A. Meagher, B. B. Meagher and Oliver Wood, Defendants.

—NOTICE—

Under and by virtue of a decree of judgment, in foreclosure of mortgage, order of sale and special execution, issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, State of Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots sixteen, [16,] and seventeen [17,] in block thirty-five, [35,] in the original townsite of Port Angeles, Washington, together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances, and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anyway appertaining: Therefore notice is hereby given, that on

Tuesday, the 20th day of September, 1892.

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the North front door of the Court House, in Port Angeles Clallam, county State of Washington, I will sell the above described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case with interest costs and attorney fees as stated in said execution, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 19th day of August, 1892.

WILLIAM B. GOULD,
Sheriff of Clallam co., Wash.

By W. W. DEDMAN, deputy.

Date of first publication August 19.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE Superior court of the State of Washington, for the county of Clallam.

The First National Bank of Port Angeles, Plaintiff,
vs. No. 288.
Frank A. West, et al, defendant.

Under and by virtue of a decree of judgment in foreclosure of mortgage, order of sale and special execution issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon as the property of the said defendant, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, state of Washington, described as follows, to wit:

All of the Union Park addition to the town of Port Angeles, according to the plat thereof now on file in the auditor's office of said Clallam county, which said Union Park addition comprises all of the N.e. (¼) quarter of section two (2), township thirty (30) north of range seven (7) west of the Willamette meridian—containing 160 acres of land according to the government survey thereof,

Together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anyway appertaining against Frank A. West, et al. Therefore notice is hereby given that on

Tuesday, the 27th day of September, 1892,

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north front door of the court house in Port Angeles, county of Clallam, state of Washington, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case with interests costs and attorney's fees as stated in said execution, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 24th day of August, 1892.

William B. Gould
Sheriff of Clallam county, Wash.

W. W. Dedman, Deputy.

Date of first publication, Aug. 26, 1892.

County Road Notice.

We, the Undersigned, residing in the vicinity through which the following described proposed road will run, hereby **give notice** to all person concerned, that at the next term of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam county, we will petition said board for a county road in said county, having its points of beginning and termination, course and intermediate points, as follows:

Commencing at the residence of J. P. Austin in the NW ¼ of SW ¼ of sec. 28, Twp. 29 North, Range 13 West; thence northerly through sections 21 and 16, and ending at the proposed county road in the center of the SW ¼ of sec. 16, Twp. 29 North, Range 13, West.

Dated the 20th day of August, A. D., 1892.

J. P. AUSTIN, and 11 others.

Date of first publication, Aug. 26, 1892.

Notice to Taxpayers.

The tax books of the city of Port Angeles have been turned over to me for the collection of taxes thereon, for the year 1892.

Said taxes will become delinquent at 6 o'clock p. m., the 31st day of October, 1892.

T. A. MEAGHER,
City Marshal of the
City of Port Angeles.

P Angeles, Wasorth., July 22, 1892.

NOTICE.

Poll books for the registration of the qualified electors of the city, will be closed at the hour of 5 p. m. on September 13th, 1892, and until after the special election, for "annexation," to be held on Saturday, September 24th, 1892.

All electors who have not registered for year 1892, can do so at my office between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

C. K. HUMPHRIES City Clerk.

Port Angeles, Wash., August 18, 1892.

Summons for Publication.

IN the Superior Court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam.

Marius Brandt and Albert Winge, Plaintiff
vs. No. 517.
A. S. Going, Harriet Going, his wife, Arthur W. Jones, George A. Cooper, Jennie Cooper, his wife, George Brown, George W. Frye, J. C. Newbury, Edward E. Blackwood, Eliza J. Blackwood, his wife, S. Jones Jr., James O'Neill, Lee Mongkowe, John Packett, George T Parks, Louis McLellan, William Sharp, Defendants.

The State of Washington to the above named defendants.

You are hereby notified that Marius Brandt and Albert Winge plaintiffs, have filed a complaint against you in the Superior Court of Clallam County, holding court at Port Angeles, State of Washington, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this Summons, to-wit; Sixty days after the 2nd day of September, 1892, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 2d day of November, 1892, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complain is to recover judgment upon two promissory notes aggregating $1758.00 with interest, made and delivered by A. S. Going defendant to plaintiff Marius Brandt and foreclose a vendor's mortgage given to secure said notes by defendant to plaintiff upon the following described real estate, to-wit:

Southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, west half of southwest quarter and southeast quarter of the southwest quarter all in section five, township thirty, north of range eight west, situated in Clallam County, Washington.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior court, affixed this 31st day of August A. D. 1892.

{SEAL} WILLIAM K. CLARK.
Clerk.

By FRANK P. FISHER,
Deputy Clerk

Carlisle & Langland attorneys for Plaintiff.

Date of first publication, September 2, 1892.

A First-Class Loan Company.

The Mason Mortgage Loan Company of Tacoma are prepared to place loans in Clallam county. This is a home concern and liberal in all its terms. For information call on Thos. Malony, who is their agent for Clallam county

NOTICE OF Special Electio

Whereas at a regular meeting of the council of the City of Port Angeles, on the 3rd day of June, 1892, a petitic was presented, signed by more than one fifth of the qualified electors of said city of Port Angeles, as shown by the last Municipal Election held therein, praying that the boundaries of said city, be changed and extended so as to include the territory hereinafter described, now therefore notice is hereby given, that a Special Election will be held on Saturday, the 24th day of September, 1892, between the hours of nine a. m., and seven p. m., at which election the question will be submitted, whether the said boundaries of the City of Port Angeles, shall be so altered and extended as to include, the territory described as follows:

Commencing at the southeast corner of the Port Angeles Townsite Reservation; thence along the southern boundary of the Port Angeles Townsite Reservation (11,560) eleven thousand five hundred and sixty feet to a point on said southern boundary; thence on an angle of one degree to the right (18,480) eighteen thousand four hundred and eighty feet to the southwest corner of the Port Angeles Townsite Reservation; thence at an angle of ninety degrees to the right along the western boundary of the aforesaid Port Angeles, Townsite Reservation (5280,) five thousand two hundred and eighty feet to low water mark; thence along the shore in an easterly direction at or near low water mark to the northwest corner of block nine of the original townsite of Port Angeles; thence seven hundred and fifty (750) feet along the west line of said block nine and thirty-eight (9 to 38) to the south line of Second street; thence along said line of Second street to the west side of Tumwater street; thence in a southerly direction along the west side of Tumwater street to the north side of Sixth street; thence in an easterly direction along the north side of Sixth street to the east side of Laurel street; thence along the east side of Laurel street in a northerly direction to the north side of Fourth street; thence along the north side of Fourth street in an easterly direction to the east side of Liberty street; thence along the east side of Liberty street in a northerly direction to the south side of Front street; thence along the south side of Front street in an easterly direction (1340,) one thousand three hundred and forty feet; thence ninety degrees to the left in a northerly direction to the south line of Water street; thence along the south line of Water street in an easterly direction to the town boundary of the City of Port Angeles, and the boundary of the Port Angeles, Townsite Reservation; thence along the eastern boundary line to the southeast corner of the Port Angeles Townsite Reservation, being the point of commencement.

Also the Port Angeles Spit, to-wit:—all that piece or parcel of land situated west and adjoining block No. 1, Light House Reservation, from lot No. 1, to low water mark; also lots No. one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten and eleven Light House Reserve further described as lots No. one to eleven inclusive marked "Reserved U. S. Light House" on map of Port Angeles, and certified to by J. E. Edmunds, dated February 22nd, 1862, see plat book one page 27.

All qualified electors in said city, and all qualified electors in the above described territory proposed to be annexed, as above set fourth are invited to vote at said election on said question; the ballots for said election shall bear the words "annexation yes" "annexation no" and the elector shall designate his choice by placing an X opposite said words "annexation yes" or "annexation no" as the case may be.

The places at which the polls will be open at said election and the officers of said election therein, within said city will be as follows: For precinct No. one constituting the First Ward the voting place will be the school house, and the officers will be:—Inspector J. R. Bull Judges, John Coolidge and E. E. Seevers; Clerks, J. B. Spears and C. S. Stakemiller. For precinct No. two constituting the Second Ward, the voting place will be the Council Chamber, the officers will be:—Inspector, Thomas McDonald, Judges, James F Meagher, and Charles Gilmur; Clerks, R. A. Grimes and A. A Smith.

The places at which the polls will be open without said city and within the above described territory proposed to be annexed, and the officers will be as follows: All that part of the above territory east of the center of Lincoln street will vote at the residence of George V. Smith, and the following will be officers thereof, Inspector D. L. Smith; Judges, Tom Moore, and W. W. Maltby; Clerks, Rev. Baxter and Charles Raymond; the polling place for all that portion of the above territory lying between the center of Lincoln street and the center of Valley street will be at the residence of M. Geraghty, the officers will be as follows: Inspector, W. Carey; Judges, Michael Geraghty, and John Hensen; Clerks, Malvom McGill and Dan Campbell.

For all that territory west of the center of Valley street, the polling place will be at the store of Wallace Mynatt, and the officers will be:—Inspector, W. R. Van Dolahr; Judges, Wallace Mynatt, and H. B. Crockett; Clerks, Thomas Penniman, and Joseph Pecore.

By order of the Council of the City of Port Angeles.

NORMAN R. SMITH,
Mayor.

Attest. C. K. HUMPHRIES,
Clerk.

{SEAL}

Dated August 11th, 1892.

Be it further resolved that the time of such Special Election and the polling places and officers be as above described in said notice.

NORMAN R. SMITH,
Mayor.

Attest. C. K. HUMPHRIES,
Clerk.

{SEAL}

Dated August 11th, 1892

WARRANTS — For highest price for city or county warrants, call on m20:tf THOS MALONY.

DIRECTORIES.

Public Officers.

Governor,	E. P. Ferry.
Lieutenant Governor,	C. E. Laughton.
Secretary of State	Allen Weir.
Treasurer,	A. A. Lindsley.
Auditor,	T. M. Reed.
Attorney General	W. C. Jones.
Supt. Public Instruction.	R. B. Bryan.
Commissioner Public Lands.	W. T. Forrest.
Senators,	Watson C. Squire, and J. B. Allen.
Congressman,	John L. Wilson.
State Senator,	F. W. Hastings.
Judges Supreme Court	R. O. Dunbar. T. C. Stiles, J. P. Hoyt. T. J. Anders, E. Scott.
Clerk	T. M. Reed, jr., Register.
Receivers-Seattle Dist	C. M. Ogden, Receiver.

County Officers.

Representative.	Smith Troy.
Probate Judge,	J. G. McClinton.
Commissioners,	W. Gray, U. Davis, John Gordon.
Sheriff,	Wm. K. Clark
Auditor,	Wm. B. Gould.
Treasurer,	Thos. Knoph.
Assessor,	B. John Baker.
Attorney,	Geo. V. Smith.
Coroner,	Warren R. Dodge.
Surveyor,	Wardner E. Smith.
Superintendent,	Dr. W. W. McGeorge
Justices of the Peace Port Angeles Pre.	Jno. M. Grant. Louis Williams.
Constables Port Angeles Precinct,	Thos. McDonald, W. D. Stivers.

City Officers.

Councilmen,	D. McInnes, F. S. Lewis, William Pelton, Edward Bell. Thompson D. P. Quinn Leslie.
Mayor,	Lyndon R. Smith
Clerk,	A. A. Humphries
Treasurer,	P. F. Kiernan.
Marshal,	F. A. Mengher.
Attorney,	Geo. C. Hatch.
Engineer,	—
Police Judge,	S. P. Carusi.
Street Commissioner.	Charles Tillman

LODGES.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR.—Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month at Masonic Hall. All members of the order invited to attend.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.
MRS. P. ARMBRUST, Acting Worty Matron

A. F. & A. M.—Fort Angeles Lodge, meets every Tuesday on or before the full moon, in Masonic Hall, Colony Building.
W. BRUMFELD, W. M.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—Gate City Lodge, No. 63, meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
L. R. COLE, C. C.
J. D. STAGE, K. of R. and S.

[illegible] Post No. 48, meets every first [illegible] of each month, at Masonic [illegible]. All comrades in good standing are invited.
C. M. ARMBRUST, P. C.
[illegible]SON, Adjutant

PACIFIC LADIES' RELIEF CORPS—No. 21, attached to the G. A. R., meets every first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall, at 2:30 p. m.
MRS. C. M. ARMBRUST, President.
MISS BABCOCK, Sec.

EUCA ENCAMPMENT, NO. 19, I. O. O. F.—O Port Angeles, Wash., meets first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall. All visiting brothers are cordially invited to be with us.
J. W. STEWART, C. P.
Attest: A. N. TAYLOR, Scribe.

I. O. O. F.—Home Lodge No. 82, meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m. at McDonalds Hall
W. ADAMS, N. G.
L. D. STEWART, Cor. Sec

I. O. R. M.—Clallam Tribe, No. 4; meets every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m., in Masonic Hall. Visiting Redmen are invited to attend.
S. P. Carusi, Chief of Records.
W. F. Dyke, Sachem.

I. O. O. F.—Olympian Lodge No 72, meets every Thursday evening at 7:30, at Hall in Colony Building.
A. N. TAYLOR, N. G.
S. P. HALL, Secretary.

I. O. G. T.—Angeles Lodge No. 27, meets every Friday evening at 7:30, at McDonald's Hall.
WM. REX, C. T.
ROY MCCLINTON, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—Port Angeles Lodge, Local Assembly No. 2686, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., at McDonald's Hall.
E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
—BURNS, Secretary,

CARPENTERS' UNION No. 260—Meets every Tuesday at L. Henderson's, Second and Pine streets, 7:30 p. m.
D. R. CALLS, R. S.
L. HENDERSON, Pres.

CALEDONIAN CLUB—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, at McInnes & Campbell's office over First National Bank.
WM. RITCHIE, Chieftan.
W. K. CLAR, Secretary.

PORT ANGELES SQUATTER'S ASSOCIATION.—Meets every Tuesday night at Snatter's Hall, corner Lincoln and Fifth streets.
W. B. Main, C. S.
D. O'Brien, Secretary.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. J. M. Baxter pastor. Services every Sunday in church on First street at 10:30 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning service. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 All are welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Rev. Hansen, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month at the Congregational church at 2:30 p. m.

CATHOLIC Services at 10:30 a. m. every Sunday, corner Second and Laurel streets; Rev Father Eabor, Pastor. All are invited to attend.

DISTRIBUTION OF WEALTH.

The Troubles at Homestead the Inevitable Result of the Tariff System.

The discussion of the tragedy at the Homestead mills is bringing out some of the serious thoughts of intelligent men in regard to dangers not only from contact of capital and labor, like this deplorable one, but from the inevitable results that must follow the congestion of wealth in the hands of a comparatively few. The opinion seems to be rapidly gaining ground that we are to have more rather than less of these troubles, and that they are but symptoms of a disease that is becoming deep seated and that threatens the very life of our republic, which outwardly looks so fair. It is also beginning to be recognized that nostrums and quack remedies, such as schemes of profit sharing, co-operation, etc., though they may do more good than harm, yet they can never cure the general disease which can be reached only by radical remedies. What then is the disease that is racking and torturing this industrial commonwealth? What was its cause, what has been its progress and what is the remedy?

For want of a better name we will call the disease plutocracy. It comes from the unequal distribution of earnings or wealth, the greater part of which is rapidly being concentrated into the hands of a few. Hundreds are reaping where millions sow; resulting in millionaires on the one hand and tramps on the other, with the pressure on all between becoming greater and greater. The evils of this system are that while in theory the laws are made by the people, practically the masses only obey the laws made by the rich. Money becomes king. The evils of the system are far reaching. Classes and castes are established. The wealthy become arrogant or lead wild and reckless lives. The poor lose hope, courage and patriotism and accept sullenly their lot as subjects and slaves of the millionaires who employ them or who hold mortgages over their heads.

The cause of this disease is found in the laws and systems which grant public property and privileges to private individuals or corporations.

The disease had but little hold upon the country previous to the civil war. There were then no more millionaires than could be counted on one's fingers. During the war of 1861-5 big government contracts laid the basis of some of the large fortunes since accumulated. The protection system was then begun which has ever since been taking money from the pockets of farmers and laborers and putting it into those of the manufacturers. The increased powers of production resulting from improved machinery and methods have increased the influence and power of capital so that millionaires are being turned out more rapidly than ever before. The New York Tribune printed a list of over 4,000 millionaires a few weeks ago, classifying them according to the sources of their wealth.

According to this authority about 20 per cent. made their money chiefly in protected industries, perhaps 50 per cent. mainly as holders of or speculators in land, and the remainder mostly from patent or other monopolies, appreciation of money values, etc. The most of these fortunes are accumulated legally, though often laws are strained after being made to aid such accumulations. But justice would not have distributed wealth in any such fashion. It would leave valuable monopolies in the hands of private persons, but would make the production of property the only title to it. It would erect no barriers to commerce to compel consumers to buy dear goods of any favored set of producers, but would leave opportunities and privileges open to all alike.

The remedy for this disease then cannot be found in laws that will increase restrictions upon trade or grant more privileges to any class. Restrictions must be removed and the indirect methods of taxation which now filch money from the poor and turn it over to the rich must be replaced by a direct system which shall bear no more heavily upon the poor than upon the rich; or, better still, tax the opportunities to production until the unearned increment, now largely taken by the wealthy, shall be utilized for the benefit of all. When this is done men will be put upon an equal footing and each will get what he earns and earn what he gets. Large corporations may then exist, but it will be because they can produce most cheaply and not because they will have greater advantage over labor.

Tissue Paper Trust.

The most recent scheme of combination to raise prices and squeeze labor is in the tissue paper industry. After many useless efforts to form a syndicate the fifteen or twenty manufacturers at last "got together" in the Astor House in New York July 6 or 7. After several days discussion they departed in a mysterious way, leaving the public ignorant of exactly what plan of consolidation was adopted. One gentleman stated that the reason for the formation of this syndicate was that prices had gotten down to the bottom notch and something must be done to save the manufacturers. The duty on tissue paper was increased by McKinley from 25 per cent. ad valorem to eight cents per pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem—equivalent to from 75 to 100 per cent. Such a duty as this would make any industry uneasy until it had entered the last stage of McKinleyism—trustdom.

The Carnegie Kind of Protection

The high fence with electric wire guards which Mr. Carnegie has put around the Homestead mills in anticipation of trouble during the impending strike indicates that what he really wants is "protection" from American labor.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

A Bad Beginning.

There couldn't be a worse opening gun for a tariff campaign than a Winchester rifle.—Philadelphia Times.

The Unprotected Majority.

Mr. Norman H. Pollock, in The World of July 5, gave the following list of workers who get no benefit from protection, but who, because of it, must pay more for what they eat, drink and wear. The list could be extended to a much greater length. It is observed that, so far as average yearly wages are concerned, these workers earn more than those at work in the highly protected woolen, iron, cotton and silk industries:

Actors, authors, architects, agents, artists.
Bakers, butchers, boot and shoemakers, builders, brakemen, bricklayers.
Carpenters, car drivers, car conductors, carriage makers, clerks, coopers, cooks, chambermaids.
Drivers, dock builders, deck hands, dressmakers.
Engravers, expressmen, elevator men, engineers.
Farmers, flagmen.
Gardeners, grocerymen.
Hotel keepers, housekeepers, helpers.
Embalmers.
Laborers, longshoremen.
Ministers, machinists, musicians, masons.
Printers, painters, plumbers, priests, physicians, plasterers.
Seamstresses, school teachers, servants.
Tailors, truckmen.
Watchmen, whitewashers.

Protective "Barriers."

The senate committee on finance said in 1888, when it recommended its substitute for the Mills bill, "Its framers have not hesitated to erect or maintain defensive barriers which would carry confidence and comfort into American homes."

This sounds well, but looks badly—especially to the 4,000 men at Homestead on the outside of the "defensive barriers," which stand stock still and protect the Carnegie Steel company from their American workmen, instead of walking about and carrying "confidence and comfort into American homes."

Lower Wages and Higher Prices.

The coal trust has again raised prices twenty-five cents a ton to middlemen, and the latter will soon put on an extra ten cents too. Were it not for the tariff on soft coal the combination would fail, but the trust and the tariff are wedded, and higher prices for what they buy and lower wages to workingmen are the results.

TELEPHONE TALKS.

SOUTH AMERICA MAKES A FEW REMARKS ON RECIPROCITY.

The Motives of the Bunko Game Revealed to the Farmer—High Wages and Home Markets Do Not Materialize—Canada's Appeal for Recognition.

United States—Hello! Hello!
South America—Hello!
U. S.—Is that you, South America?
S. A.—Yes; what do you want?
U. S.—This is United States. You know we put a reciprocity clause into what we call the McKinley bill, that we passed here last fall?
S. A.—Yes, I heard you did.
U. S.—Well, that clause authorizes the president to put duties on tea, coffee, sugar, molasses and hides.
S. A.—Aren't you mistaken? I thought your constitution gave your congress full and exclusive power to lay and collect taxes, duties, etc.
U. S.—Yes, so it does; but I haven't time to discuss a constitution now more than 100 years old. As I was going to say, the president can put a duty of 3 cents per pound on your coffee, 1½ cents per pound on your hides and 2 cents per pound on your sugar, if in his opinion you unduly tax the goods imported into your countries from the United States. It is to learn what you intend to do in regard to this matter that I have called you up.
S. A.—If your president wishes to put a tax on these articles, all of which are now on your free list, and your people don't object to paying it, I don't see why we should. As to what kind of duties we should have, I think we can decide for ourselves without any foreign interference.
U. S.—Of course we don't wish to interfere, but don't you understand that if we tax our imports of those articles from your countries and not from other countries you will lose some of your trade up here?
S. A.—Oh, yes; of course we might lose a little with you, but we would gain about as much with other countries. If you tax raw hides and increase their cost your manufacturers will make fewer gloves and shoes, but Europe will make more; so if you tax sugar as you have been doing your canners and preservers will do less business and Europe will do more in this line. I see clearly that while such a policy might injure us a little it would harm you much more, so much more that I can't think you would be so foolish as to adopt it but only intend it for a bluff. No, we don't care to swap any tariffs this year.
U. S.—But wait a little; don't talk quite so loudly. After I shall have explained a few things you may take quite a different view.
S. A.—Well, go on.
U. S.—You see we have had a high protective tariff here for thirty years.
S. A.—Yes, I know that's what you call it. I agree, though, that it's high.
U. S.—Well, the Republican party that made this tariff has been telling the farmers and laborers that it was to help them by giving them home markets, high wages, etc.
S. A.—You didn't have to give reasons to your manufacturers, I guess. They didn't object to a policy that would give them exclusive ownership of your "home markets," and——
U. S.—Please wait until I am through. As I was going to say, the farmers who expected everything of protection became spendthrifts, and, because nearly half of their farms were mortgaged, and because farmers east of the Mississippi river have lost half of their value during the last fifteen years, they got it into their heads that "protection" was to blame for all their extravagance and foolishness. The same kind of an absurd idea was taking possession of the wage earners, who, because they had to do more work or see their wages reduced nearly every year, began to think that protection was at fault, though it was explained to them that it was due to overproduction, excessive competition, etc. Well, anyway, by 1890, when McKinley was revising the tariff, a few of us saw clearly that the protection system could not stand much longer unless it was again repaired with a view to helping the farmer. It was for this purpose that I—that is, we—hit upon this scheme of reciprocity to open markets in your countries for our farm products.
S. A.—Yes, I see; but you don't expect to find markets for farm products down here? We are in the farming business ourselves, and unless your farmers look well to their laurels they will soon lose some of their markets in Central America and the West Indies, where we are already selling flour and other agricultural products. It is implements of agriculture rather than products of agriculture that we want.
U. S.—Now you understand our predicament. We must make the farmers believe that we really expect that reciprocity will open up new markets.
S. A.—But isn't the scheme a sad commentary on your "home market" theory? Doesn't it admit that protection can't make "home markets?"
Canada—Hello! Hello! Is this United States?
U. S.—Yes.
C.—I called you up to learn what kind of a reciprocity treaty you intend to make with us.
U. S.—We are not considering any reciprocity treaty with you and I am not certain that we shall do so. We do not care to dicker with you.
C.—But our 5,000,000 people purchase as much of you as the other 51,000,000 on the western hemisphere, and this is the only country that buys more from you than it sells to you. For the last forty years you have had a balance of trade in your favor of over $250,000,000, while the balance of trade against you with these other 51,000,000 people was over $1,000,000,000.
U. S.—Really, Canada, I don't care to talk with you now; I would have to explain too many things. I will only say that the farmers of New York state, so far as I can learn, don't want free trade with you even "in spots," such as reciprocity would give—and you know New York is a doubtful state. Good day.

Seaweed Made Useful.

The hollow stem of the species of seaweed indigenous to the neighborhood of the Cape of Good Hope was formerly used by the natives as a trumpet when dried. Still another kind furnishes the savages of some parts of Australia with vessels, many implements and even food. —Washington Star.

During three weeks eighty-one cases of horses overcome by the heat were reported to the Philadelphia Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

PROTECTION LOGIC.

IT RESEMBLES IN EVASIVENESS THE IRISHMAN'S FLEA.

When You Put Your Finger on It It Isn't There—Conflicting Statements of the Hon. J. H. Walker, of Massachusetts, One of the Tariff Makers.

Hon. J. H. Walker, of Massachusetts, is a big manufacturer of leather and boots and shoes. He helped to make the McKinley tariff bill, and is regarded as one of the stanchest and strongest of protectionists. His speech of March 15, 1892, is printed in a forty-five page pamphlet. On page 3 occurs the following:

"I have to say that you may search the speeches that are made in favor of protection from beginning to end and you will not find 1 per cent. of error, where you will find 99 per cent. of error in the statements that are made by those in favor of free trade as opposed to a protective tariff."

It is evident that Mr. Walker knows what error and logic are, and that he intends to sustain the good record of his brethren. On page 4 is this statement:

"It is of no consequence to the manufacturers of this country, as manufacturers, whether we have free trade or whether we have protection. We are just as well satisfied with free trade as we are with protection."

This will be news to thousands of manufacturers who employ lobbyists at Washington and who have said that the Mills' bill would have driven half of them out of the country. But for fear of being in error he hedges this statement in the following paragraph thus:

"The well being of every city of this country is bound up with the interest of the manufacturers in a protective tariff."

On page 4 is the following:

"Now, it is conceded by every statistician of this country and every other that this is the lowest taxed country on the face of the earth that is counted as a civilized nation."

And on page 5 this:

"I affirm that there is no greater evidence of civilization, Christian civilization, than taxation; and the volume of taxation per capita expresses it. Show me the taxes per capita of any people, and I can determine by that their advancement in the scale of civilization."

This is hard on the United States—to be the lowest in civilization because it is the lowest taxed country. But this is truth and logic, and there is no escape for us. He then defines taxation:

"What does taxation come to in its last analysis? It comes to taking the property of the rich and dividing it pro rata for the benefit of every man, woman and child in the community. That is what taxation comes to at last."

This proves that economists—i. e., impractical book economists out of congress—are entirely in error, for they all agree that taxation has always rested most heavily upon the poor. He then further elucidates and simplifies his definition:

"Now, what is taxation? Taxation is but the government taking a part of the income of the citizen and spending it for the citizen to better advantage than he can himself spend it. That is all there is in taxation."

This is unpleasant information for some of us who prefer to spend our own incomes, but there can be no mistake. Mr. Walker is well versed in statistics and cannot be in error in this next statement:

"More than one-third of the income from all the property east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio is taken in taxation, and beneficently taken—taken and returned to the citizens pro rata, rich and poor alike, after being taken out of the hoards of the rich."

But think what taxes must be paid by really civilized countries when one-third of the income of this "lowest taxed country" is taken for taxes, and what awful blessings we are missing by not increasing our taxes until the government [illegible]

wages are paid as in ordinary business. Surplus profits are then divided. Andrew Carnegie has discussed the beauties of co-operation in magazine articles; now he should put his theories into practice and make his works co-operative. His employees would remember him with gratitude and he would establish a reputation throughout the world."

It may be well to recall some of the absurd things said by this millionaire apostle of protection to the few at the expense of the many. Here is one taken from Carnegie's article on "Wealth," in The North American Review of June, 1889:

"Poor and restricted are our opportunities in this life, narrow our horizon, our best work most imperfect, but rich men should be thankful for one inestimable boon—they have it in their power during their lives to busy themselves in organizing benefactions from which the masses of their fellows will derive lasting advantage, and thus dignify their own lives. The highest life is probably to be reached not by such limitation of the life of Christ as Count Tolstoi gives us, but, while animated by Christ's spirit, by recognizing the changed conditions of this age and adopting modes of expressing this spirit suitable to the changed conditions under which we live. Thus is the problem of rich and poor to be solved. The laws of accumulation will be left free; the laws of distribution free. Individualism will continue, but the millionaire will be but a trustee for the poor; intrusted for a season with a great part of the increased wealth of the community, but administering it for the community far better than it could or would have done for itself. Such in my opinion is the true gospel concerning wealth, obedience to which is destined some day to solve the problem of the rich and poor, and thus bring 'Peace on earth, among men good will.'"

Wage Reduction in Iron Mills.

The following from The Iron Age of June 23, 1892, will give some idea of the enormity of the wage reductions proposed by the iron and steel manufacturers and presented in the form of an ultimatum to the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers:

The price for bar rolling and heating, 2,240 pounds to the ton, has been cut down from 70 to 50 cents on a two cent card; for boiling, from $5.50 to $4.50; for rolling common iron on plate mills, from 72 to 50 cents. Put in tabular form, some of the reductions appear as follows:

HEATING SLABS AND SHINGLING.		
	Shingling, 2,240 pounds.	
	Card rates. Old rate.	New rate.
2c. bar iron (rehammered)....	$0 75	$0 50
3c. bar iron.....	91	65
2c. bar iron (charcoal).....	83⅓	62½
3c. bar iron.....	1 01	82½
	Heating, 2,240 pounds.	
2c. bar iron.....	$0 75	$0 50
3c. bar iron.....	1 00	70
GUIDE, 10-INCH HOOP AND COTTON TIE SCALE.		
	Old rate.	New rate.
7-32 rounds and squares.....	$7 63	$5 70
9-32 " " "	5 15	3 15
5-16 half round.....	9 50	4 35
⅜ and ½ oval.....	8 50	3 20
NUT IRON.		
	Old rate.	New rate.
27-64x⅛x1-16.....	$12 70	$6 63
27-64x9-64.....	10 60	4 80
15-32x¼.....	4 70	3 60
19-32x¼.....	4 25	3 10
CHANNEL IRON.		
2-inch and upward, base.....	$2 60	$2 18
¾x5-16 and lighter.....	7 70	3 50
⅝x5-16 and lighter	9 50	4 20
T-IRON.		
1½ and upward.....	$3 20	$2 40
1⅛.....	4 70	3 50
CLIP AND WAGON STRAP.		
⅝.....	$3 20	$2 20
7-16.....	4 10	2 75
5-16.....	7 60	3 40
10-INCH MILL.		
⅝ oval.....	$3 50	$2 47
⅞x3-16 and heavier.....	3 20	2 13

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